

Agenda for Change country collaboration in Madagasca 1st meeting July, 09 2020







Cluster Surveys unicef instat **Basic Sanitation Basic drinking water Basic Hygien** 100 8 22 21 20 25 32 19 40 36 80 45 13 4 Pourcentage 40 36 40 14 41 14 44 44 2 45 69 2 29 25 41 38 20 32 22 23 18 17 16 0 National Urbain Rural National Urbain Rural Urbain National Rural Pas de service Pas de service ■ Dispositif non vu / autre Service non amelioré Service non amélioré Pas d'installation Service limité Service limité Service limité Service de base Service de base Service de base

Drinking water, sanitation and hygiene services

Key messages

- More than half of the Malagasy population (57%) does not have access to an improved water source.
- 4 out of 5 people drink water ٠ contaminated with E. Coli, i.e. faecal matter;
- 4 out of 5 people do not have access to adequate basic sanitation; in particular, 2 practice open defecation;
- Only 1 in 4 people have a device for washing hands with soap and water;
- 9 out of 10 women have access to appropriate products and to a private place to wash and change during menstruation: Nevertheless, 1 out of 10 women report not having been able to participate in a social, educational or economic activity during their menstruation.

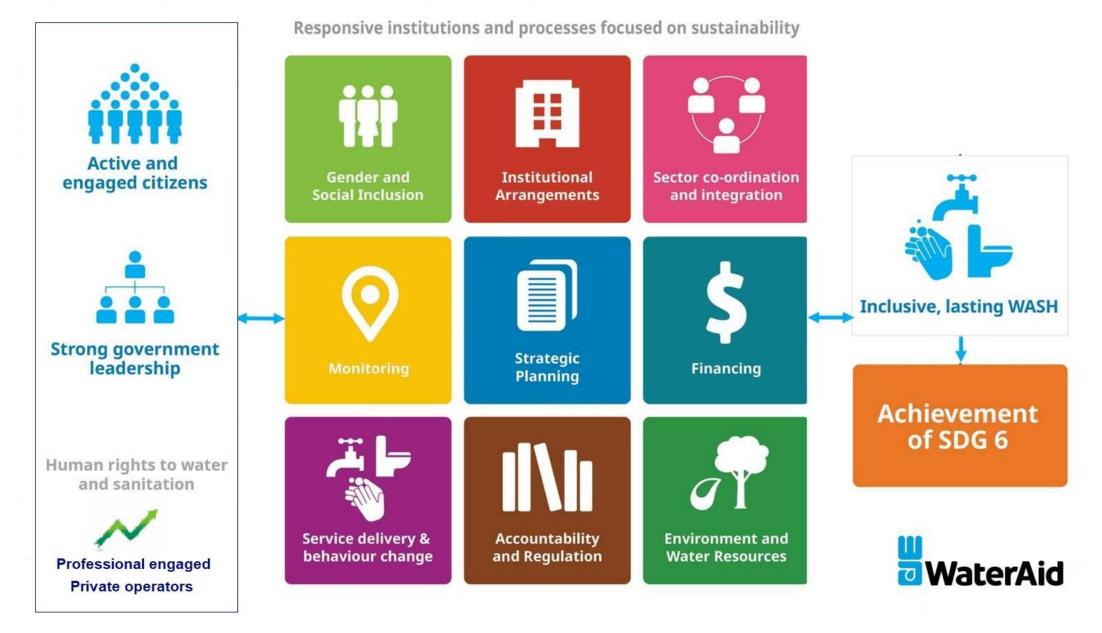
Madagascar 2018

Multiple Indicator

Resources:

- Sector Minister's Meeting 2019 (SWA)
- WASH Sectorl Policy / Politique Sectorielle EAH (Draft)
- GoM WASH Performance Contract
- GoM ToR National WASH Coordination Structure
- GoM Madagascar Madio 2025
- GoM BPON BPOR / National & Regional Budget by Objective
- Code de l'Eau (Water Code)
- Protocole de Certification ODF
- MICs
- Brief on financing plan Madagascar
- Analyse Budgétaire / Budget Analysis 2014-2019 (UNICEF)
- WASH system strengthening and RANO WASH

Ingredients needed for a strong WASH system



How do RANO WASH interventions contribute to building a strong WASH system for sustainable and inclusive services?

- Advocate and support the MEEH for the clarity and consistency of policy documents (PSEAH, BPON, BPOR, PCDEAH)
- Participate in the elaboration of the framework documents, taking into account **the needs of different social categories** (girls, women and persons with disabilities).
- Advocate for the participation of civil society and private sector in the development of WASH sector framework documents
- Facilitate the elaboration and implementation of the regional WASH market development plans
- Involve the private sectors in the elaboration and implementation of the PCDEAH
- Support the development and implementation of **local WASH action plans**
- Encourage the **community participation**, especially women, youth and persons with disabilities in local consultation bodies to discuss on public services including WASH services.

- Advocate and support the MEEH to engage stakeholders to upgrade the SE&AM
- As part of the Madagasikara Madio 2025 campaign, support the development of a **standardised monitoring and evaluation system for ODF status.**
- Strengthen the capacity of the Communes / STEAHs in the management and monitoring of the performance of water utilities (quality of service and water, payment of fees, etc.)
- Strengthen the capacities of local actors such as natural leaders, community workers, school directors and doctors in charge of health centers to correctly report WASH situations in their areas of action, in order to support the effort to update the WASH sector database.
- Support the Commune and the DREEH to have **the disaggregated data** necessary for decision making **for inclusive services**.

Strategic



How do RANO WASH interventions contribute to building a strong WASH system for sustainable and inclusive services?



- Engage private operators to deliver professional and sustainable WASH services
- Advocate for **financial contribution from the government** in the WASH service provision
- Facilitate the development of different models of cost-effective, affordable and inclusive services (needs based services, services adapted to remote villages, payment modalities adapted to rural households).
- Strengthen the technical, financial and commercial capacities of WASH service providers.
- Conduct WASH behaviour change campaigns
- Promote WASH in schools and health centers by working with relevant ministries



- Train and coach communes and water service provider to initiate mitigation maesures to maintain the **quality and quantity of** water services.
- Promote the use of the PHE approach with environmental stakeholders in the project's intervention areas to implement activities to
 protect water resources and the environment.
- Strengthen the capacities of communes, private operators and communities and support them in the application of environmental measures for the sustainability of drinking water services and the mitigation of the negative environmental impacts of activities to be implemented at the commune level.



- Advocate and support the MEEH to operationalize the coordination structure SNC-EAH at the national and regional levels.
- **Co-Lead** the regional coordination structure in 4 regions and contribute as a member in 2 regions.
- Participate in periodic meetings of the coordination structures at regional level to coordinate interventions, ensure synergy of actions and share achievements.
- Facilitate reflection through **research and evidence-based findings and foster learning** to improve strategies and practices within the sector.

How do RANO WASH interventions contribute to building a strong WASH system for sustainable and inclusive services?

- Advocate and support the Ministry to have plans and strategies with **realistic cost estimates and a review of funding flows** that can be mobilized.
- Advocate for the State's financial contribution to the provision of services
- Facilitate the **linking of private operators** wishing to invest in the provision of WASH services **with financial institutions**.
- Develop and implement with the MEEH and the Municipalities **the PPP model "Build, Co-invest, Manage"** for water service provision in rural areas.
- **Promote VSLA** to improve livelihoods of households and enhance their abitlity **to pay WASH services** provided by private operator.
- Facilitate VSLA and financial institutions linkage to increase access to formal financial services
- Promote local talent to provide affordable and appropriate WASH products and services for men, women and youth without discrimination.



- Capacity-building of CSOs and the private sector at the national, regional and communal consultation bodies
 Promote PPP and support the MEEH, municipalities, service users and private operators to implement the model.
 Technical assistance to the DREEHs to train and coach communes in their roles as contracting authority
 Train and coach local institutions (SLC, CSOs, ASUREP) to clarify their roles and to be operational.
- Facilitate the **implementation of local measures** to improve/maintain healthy hygiene and sanitation conditions (e.g. Dina to maintain ODF status)

Strengthen civil society at the communal level to defend rights and discuss on the quality of WASH services.

 Advocate to MEEH, MoID, MoPH, and MoNE to clarify roles and responsibilities in relation to WASH services at schools and health centers.



How do RANO WASH interventions contribute to building a strong WASH system for sustainable and inclusive services?

- Advocate for national, regional and communal **policies, strategies, plans and sector monitoring** tools that take into account specific needs of all population groups.
- Citizen engagement including women and marginalized people in **decision-making processes**
- Supplies of a variety of inclusive WASH services
- Behavioural change activities that affect all social categories
- Strengthening the leadership of women, girls and youth through **discussion spaces and VSLA groups**
- Community level discussions to engage men for women's empowerment
- Support model households, men and women in non-traditional occupations related to WASH services to transform social norms.
- Participate in the celebration of international and national events for the **promotion of gender and social inclusion**.



Encourage citizens to raise their voices in promoting rights and duties on WASH

Support communes and WASH service providers to be **responsive to requests and complaints** arising from accountability mechanisms

Promote the use of different **accountability mechanisms** adapted to different categories of people (girls, women, boys, men, people with disabilities) at the communal and local level

Evaluate the provided by WASH service providers

Train and coach Communquality of services es and water service providers to carry out periodically water quality monitoring.





RANO WASH

System improvement during the last four quarters



Sector co-ordination

Financing

Institutional Arrangements

Accountability and Regulation

Environment and Water Resources

> Gender an ocial Inclus

http://ranowash.org/

Building blocks	Jul. Sep.	Oct. Dec.	Jan. Mar	Apr. Jun.	Comment		
Coordination & integration	1	/		*	PNPEAH, Contrat de performance, PNC, SRMO-CoLead, Objectif régional		
Strategic planning			•	•	PEM, Politique sectoriel, MM25, Regional annual plan, Programme sectoriel		
							Level
Financing	•		/	•	BPON, BPOR, Track-Fin, PEM, Suivi budgétiare, MM25, Loi de finance	•	Weak Medium
Institutional arrangements	•	•	•		Code de l'eau, Protocole de certification ODF, new Ministry organisation chart	•	Strengthening Desired
Accountability & regulation	•	/		-	SOREAH, OSC-EAH, STEFI dans deux régions, Revu sectoriel		
							Change
Monitoring		-	-	-	SE&AM, MICs, 5W, regional review, Directive SG pour la mise à jour, SE&AM update, Upgrade SE&AM Sectorial review	1	Large improvement mprovement
Service delivery & Behaviour			•	•	Déclaration d'intention et des réalisaitons dans plans régionaux MM25	•	No change Decrease
Water ressources & environment			-		ANDEA, SE&AM, Performance contract, Politique	ţ	Large Decrese
Gender and social inclusion					Local evolutions		